# Navigating Part 192



# Types of Regulatory Language in 192





Specification VS.
Performance

### Specification Regulations

Advantages:

- Easy to Determine Compliance
- Easy to Determine a Course of Action

Uniformity of Means of Compliance

# Specification Regulations

#### Disadvantages



- Do Not Specify Level of Safety
- Do Not Allow for Variations in Environment, Operating, or Physical Characteristics
- May Require Unnecessary Cost
- Do Not Encourage Technology

# Performance Regulations Advantages

- Allow for Adaptation to an Individual Situation
- Encourage Development of New Equipment
- → Allow Economical Solutions to Achieve the Level of Safety
- Promote Safety and Not the Letter of the Law Compliance

**Desired** 

# Performance Regulations Disadvantages

- Difficult to Determine Exact
   Compliance
- Some operators may not understand what is required, and attempts to comply may result in problems



# "Process" Regulations

New Initiative ~ IIM, OQ, PA

#### "Common Threads"

- Formal Written Program
- Management Commitment & Support
- Defined Roles & Responsibilities
- Use of Industry Standards
- Long-term vs. Short-term
- Monitoring Progress
- Periodic Formal Evaluation & Review
- Management of Change
- Continuous Improvement

# Regulation Construction

- Part ~ 192 (193, 195, etc.)
- Subpart (192)~ A thru O
- Section ~ 192.1 192.951
- > Paragraph ~ a, b, c, d, etc.
- Subparagraph ~ 1, 2, 3, etc.



# Retroactivity (192.13)

■ After March 12, 1971—

Pipelines must be designed, installed, constructed, initially inspected and tested per Part 192

■ After November 12, 1970---

Pipeline replacements, relocations, or other changes must be per Part 192

# Retroactivity (192.13)

■ Subparts A, M, I, L, K, O apply to all pipelines regardless of installation date

■ Subparts B,C,D,E,F,G,H,J apply to pipelines installed after March 12, 1971

Subpart N is Operator Qualification

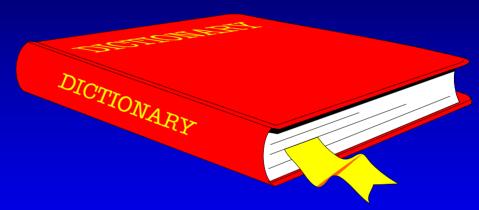
# General ~ \$192.13(c)

"Each operator shall maintain, modify as appropriate, and follow the plans, procedures, and programs that it is required to establish under this part."

# §192.7 ~ Incorporation by Reference

□ (a) Any documents or portions thereof incorporated by reference in this part are included in this part as though set out in full. When only a portion of a document is referenced, the remainder is not incorporated in this part.

# Key Definitions



CFR 49 Part 192.3

#### Gas

Natural Gas, Flammable Gas, or Gas which is Toxic or Corrosive.



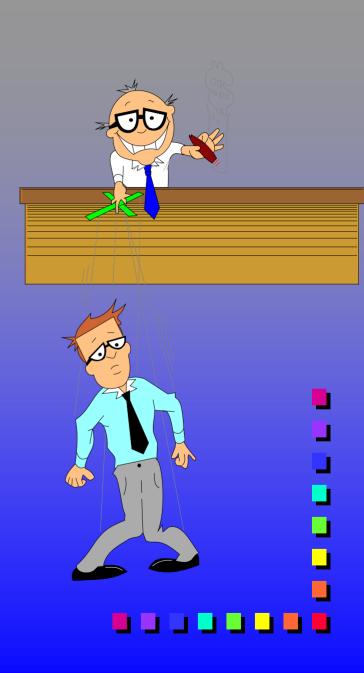


#### Transportation of Gas

The gathering, transmission, or distribution of gas by pipeline, or the storage of gas in or affecting interstate or foreign, commerce.

#### Person

Any individual, firm, joint venture, partnership, corporation, association, State, municipality, cooperative assoc., or joint stock assoc., and includes trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative thereof.



### Operator

A person who engages in the transportation of gas.



### Pipeline Facility

New and existing pipeline, rights-ofway, and any equipment, facility, or building used in the transportation of gas or in the treatment of gas during the course of transportation.

### Pipeline or Pipeline System

All parts of those physical facilities through which gas moves in transportation not limited to:

- □ pipe
- valves
- compressor units
- metering stations
- regulator stations

Etc.

### MASTER METER SYSTEM

A pipeline system for distributing gas within, but not limited to, a definable area such as:

Mobile Home Park
Apartment Complex
Housing Project



Where the operator purchases metered gas from an outside source for resale.

# MASTER METER SYSTEM

The pipeline system supplies the ultimate



Gas can be purchased directly through a <u>meter</u> or by other means ~ rent

#### Transmission Line

- means a pipeline, other than a gathering line, that:
  - Transports gas from a gathering line or storage facility to a distribution center, storage facility, or large volume customer that is not downstream from a distribution center;

Transmission Line (cont.)

Operates at a hoop stress of 20 percent or more of SIMYS; or

Transports gas within a storage field.



#### Transmission Line

(a) Transports gas from a gathering line or storage facility to a distribution center, storage facility, or large volume customer that is not downstream from a distribution center:

distribution center; Storage Facility/ Transmission Line Transmission Line ( **Distribution Center** Transmission Line **Power Plant** Transmission Line **Storage Field** 

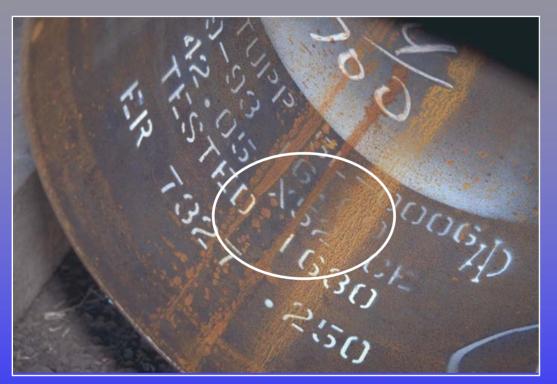
#### Intrastate Direct Sales Lateral

Originates off of an "Interstate" pipeline.

■ Begins and ends within the confines of one State.

Serves a large volume customer which is sole consumer

#### SMYS



Specified
Minimum Yield
Strength:

Steel Pipe Manufactured according to a Listed Specification

#### Distribution Line

# A Pipeline other than a Gathering Line or Transmission Line



#### Main

A Distribution Line that serves as a Common Source of supply for more than one Service Line



#### Service Line

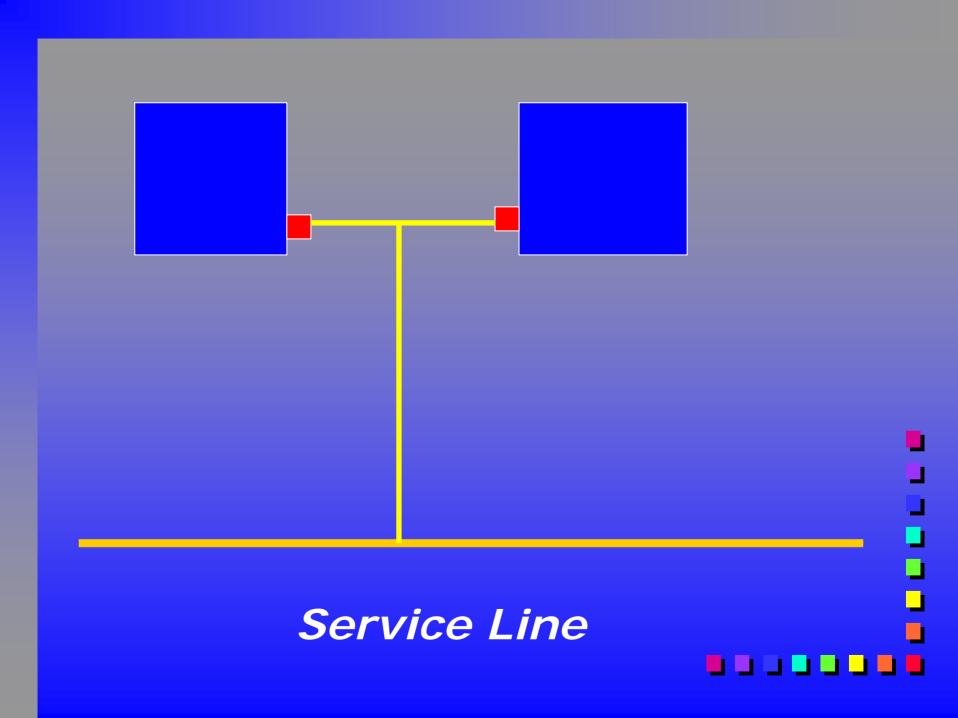
"Service line" means a distribution line that transports gas from a common source of supply to an individual customer, to two adjacent or adjoining residential or small commercial customers, or to multiple residential or small commercial customers served through a meter header or manifold.

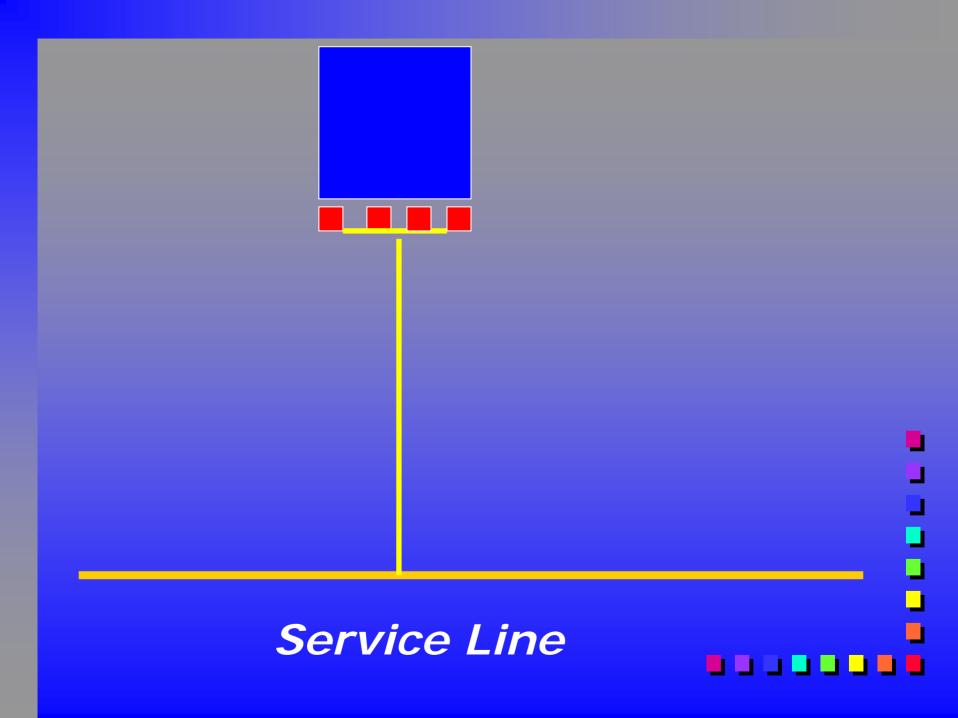
#### Service Line

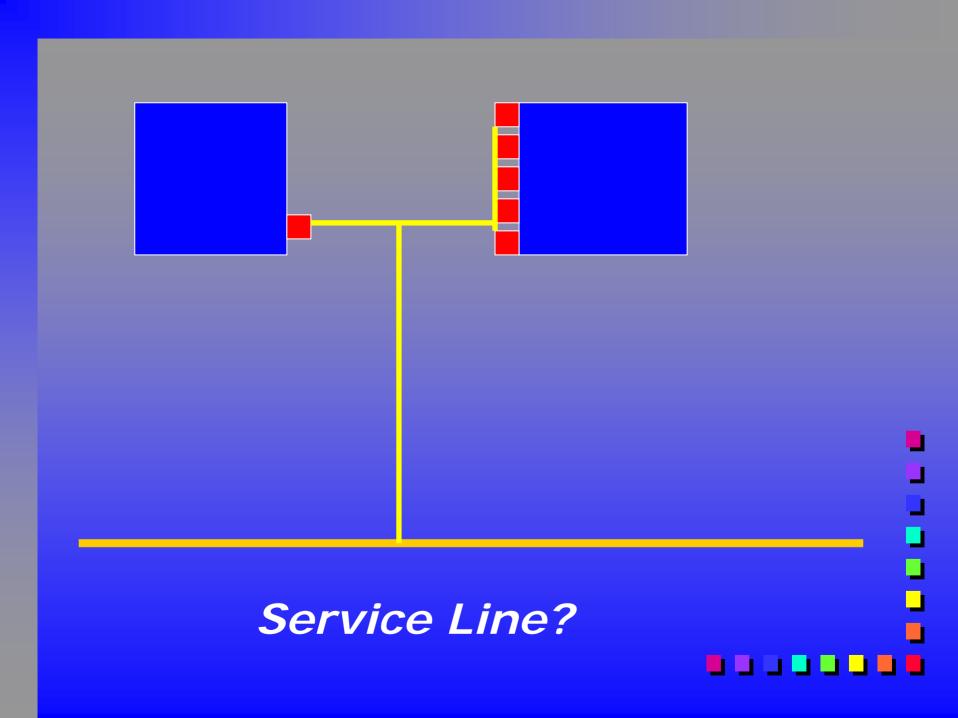
A service line ends at the outlet of the customer meter or at the connection to a customer's piping, whichever is further downstream, or at the connection to customer piping if there is no meter.

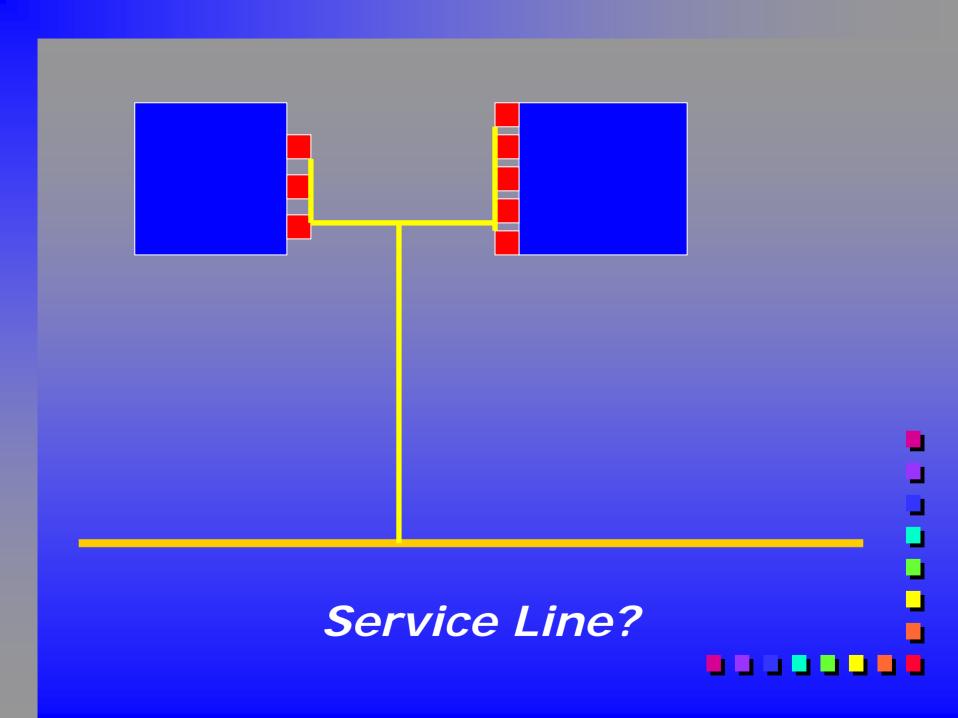
#### "Customer meter"

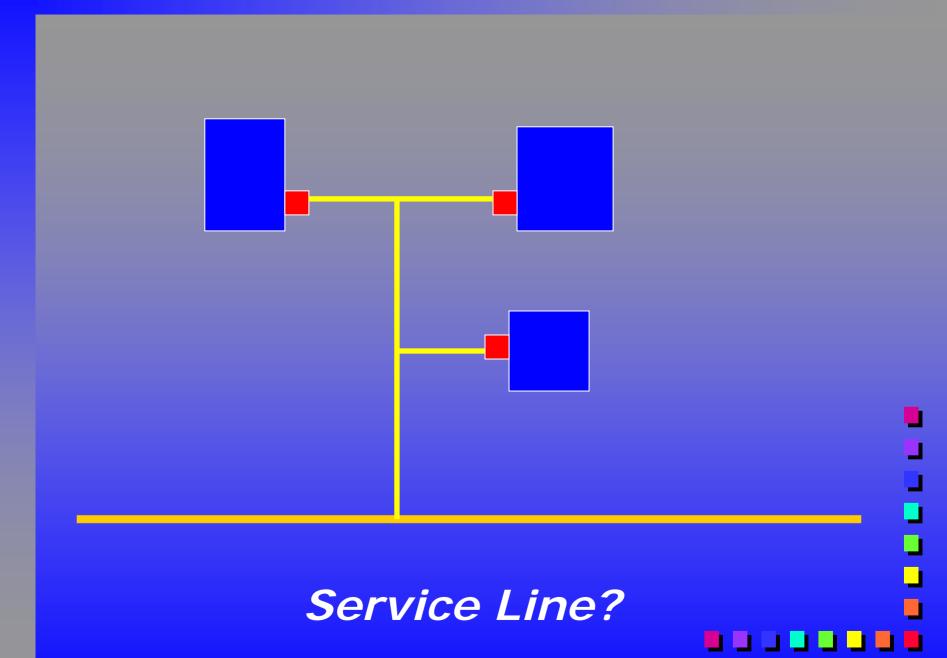
means the meter that measures the transfer of gas from an operator to a consumer.











### Service Regulator

■ means the device on a service line that controls the pressure of gas delivered from a higher pressure to the pressure provided to the customer. A service regulator may serve one customer or multiple customers through a meter header or manifold.

# High Pressure Distribution System A Dist



A Distribution system in which gas pressure in the main is higher than the pressure provided to the customer.

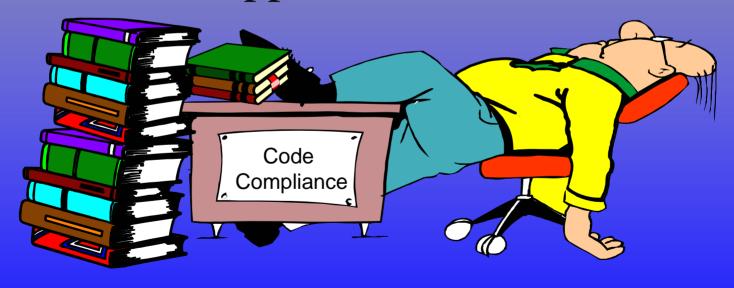
#### Low Pressure Distribution

Pressure in the main is essentially the same as that delivered to the customer.



### Listed Specification

A pipe specification listed in Section I of Appendix B of Part 192



Maximum Actual
Operating Pressure

The maximum pressure that occurs during normal operations over a period of one year.



# Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP)

The maximum pressure at which a pipeline or segment of pipeline may be operated under this Part.

